



Post-op recovery	y First 2 weeks	Date
Goals	<ul> <li>Protect the knee and surgical incisions</li> <li>Recover from swelling and inflammation</li> <li>Control of post-surgical pain</li> </ul>	
Precautions	<ul> <li>Fully weight-bear but use crutches for support and to improve gait</li> </ul>	
Brace	<ul> <li>Locked in extension when mobilising</li> <li>Unlock brace at rest and when doing ROM exercises</li> <li>At rest the brace can be loosened to allow swelling and discomfort to settle</li> <li>Sleep in brace (locked in extension)</li> </ul>	
Recommendations	<ul> <li>Rest and elevate as required</li> <li>Ice the knee up to 3 times a day – particularly in the first 72 hours</li> <li>Range of motion exercises of ankle</li> <li>Range of motion exercises of hip</li> <li>Gentle movement of the knee from full extension to 90 degrees of flexion as pain and swelling allows</li> <li>When walking with crutches – concentrate on achieving heel strike, role through and toe off</li> <li>When standing, push both knees back straight to help achieve full extension</li> </ul>	
Exercise suggestions	<ul> <li>Static quads contraction</li> <li>Supine straight leg raise</li> <li>Ankle pumps</li> <li>Supine bed supported knee bend</li> <li>Sitting supported knee bend</li> <li>Sitting knee extension stretch – foot on floor</li> <li>Supine knee extension – foot elevated/supported</li> <li>Standing knee extension</li> <li>Side leg raise – knee straight in brace</li> <li>Double calf raises</li> </ul>	
Criteria for progression	Healed surgical incisions	

Phase 1	Week 2 to week 6	
Goals	<ul><li>Increase ROM</li><li>Begin strengthening</li></ul>	
	Normal gait	
	<ul><li>Minimal Pain</li><li>Minimal Swelling</li></ul>	
Precautions	Keep using crutches and wearing brace	
Brace	Locked in extension when mobilising	
	<ul> <li>Unlock brace at rest and when doing ROM exercises</li> </ul>	



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	At rest the brace can be loosened to allow swelling	
	and discomfort to settle	
	Brace can come off to sleep	
Recommendation	<ul> <li>When standing, push knees back straight to help</li> </ul>	
	achieve full extension	
	<ul> <li>When walking – concentrate on achieving heel strike,</li> </ul>	
	role through and toe off	
	<ul> <li>Increase range of motion from full extension to full</li> </ul>	
	flexion	
	Hip and gluteal muscle strengthening	
	<ul> <li>No gluteal band exercises – protect collateral ligament</li> </ul>	
	repair	
	<ul> <li>Ankle range of motion and strengthening</li> </ul>	
Exercise	<ul> <li>Low load, long duration (assisted as required)</li> </ul>	
suggestions	Wall slide mini squat	
	<ul> <li>Double leg squats (0-60)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Sitting unsupported knee extension and flexion</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Single leg stance – knee straight, knee flexed</li> </ul>	
	Straight leg raise	
	Step ups	
	<ul> <li>Double calf raises – progress to single calf raise</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Side leg raise – knee straight in brace</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>No gluteal band exercises – protect collateral ligament</li> </ul>	
	Bridging with gluteal contraction	
	Exercycle – low resistance, short interval	
	Cardio:	
	<ul> <li>Swimming (freestyle or backstroke only),</li> </ul>	
	Hydrotherapy, Stationary bike cycling, Upper body	
	weight training (must be seated or lying)	
Criteria for	No active extension lag, 110º active flexion	
progression	Minimal effusion/pain	
	Normal Gait	
	<ul> <li>Functional strength and control in daily activities</li> </ul>	

Phase 2	Week 7 to week 12	
Goals	Gain full range of motion	
	Muscle strengthening	
	Neuromuscular control	
	No swelling	
	No pain	
Precautions	Wean off crutches as soon as able	
	No running until week 12 if meeting all criteria	
Brace	Fully unlock brace at all times	



	<ul> <li>Brace worn only for mobilising</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Brace can be discarded after week 8</li> </ul>	
Recommendations	<ul> <li>Fully weight bear as able</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Passive stretching to achieve full extension and flexion</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Concentrated full rehab program that includes</li> </ul>	
	strengthening of core, hip flexors, gluteal muscles,	
	external rotators of the hip, quadriceps, hamstrings	
	and calves. Neuromuscular control and co-ordination	
	of leg	
Suggested	<ul> <li>Double leg squats (0-90)</li> </ul>	
exercises	<ul> <li>Single leg squats</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Single leg hop</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Step ups – increase height</li> </ul>	
	Step downs	
	<ul> <li>Resisted quads and hamstring weight training</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Gluteal band exercises</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Bridging with gluteal contraction</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Double calf raises – progress to single calf raise</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Exercycle – increase resistance and training length</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Neuromuscular Training: Wobble board, rocker board,</li> </ul>	
	roller board, Varied surfaces	
	Cardiopulmonary: Bike, Elliptical trainer, Stairmaster,	
	swimming	
Criteria for	Walking 20 minutes without pain or swelling	
progression	<ul> <li>Neuromuscular and strength training exercises without</li> </ul>	
	difficulty	
	• Full ROM	

Phase 3	3 Months – 6 months
Goals	Running on flat surface
	Jumping (double leg)
	<ul> <li>Hop Tests 75% of contra-lateral side</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Hopping without pain, swelling, or giving way</li> </ul>
Precautions	Run on flat stable surface in daylight
	<ul> <li>No pivoting or cutting activities or sports</li> </ul>
Recommendations	Passive stretching to achieve full extension and flexion
	<ul> <li>Concentrated full rehab program that includes</li> </ul>
	strengthening of core, hip flexors, gluteal muscles,
	external rotators of the hip, quadriceps, hamstrings
	and calves. Neuromuscular control and co-ordination
	of leg
Suggested	<ul> <li>Running on flat even surface. Gradually increasing</li> </ul>
exercises	distance
	<ul> <li>Aggressive strength training Hamstrings, Quads,</li> </ul>



	<ul> <li>calves, adductors, abductors, core strength</li> <li>Cycling with high resistance (standing permitted)</li> </ul>
	Neuromuscular Training: Wobble board, rocker board, roller board, varied surfaces
	Begin gentle pivoting and direction changing
	<ul> <li>Cardio:</li> <li>Running, swimming, cycling, stair climber, elliptical trainer</li> </ul>
Criteria for	Maximum vertical jump without pain or instability
progression	75% of contralateral on hop tests
	Run at 75% speed without difficulty
	Some confidence with pivoting and changing direction

Phase 4	6 Months – 12 months	
Goals	<ul> <li>100% contralateral strength</li> <li>85% contralateral on hop tests</li> <li>Running without pain</li> <li>Absolute confidence with pivoting and turning</li> </ul>	
Precautions	<ul> <li>NO pivoting or contact sports</li> <li>Can return to non-competitive non-contact sport training</li> </ul>	
Recommendations	<ul> <li>Gain and maintain endurance and strength</li> <li>Sport specific functional training</li> <li>Graduated return to cutting and pivoting movements</li> <li>Neuromuscular control and coordination</li> </ul>	
Suggested exercises	<ul> <li>Running on flat even surface. Sprinting. Direction changes</li> <li>Aggressive strength training Hamstrings, Quads, calves, adductors, abductors, core strength</li> <li>Cycling with high resistance (standing permited)</li> <li>Hopping, jumping</li> <li>Pivoting and direction changes</li> <li>Begin cutting (non-competitive environment)</li> <li>Cardio:</li> <li>Running, swimming, cycling, stair climber, elliptical trainer</li> </ul>	
Criteria for progression	<ul> <li>Return to sport criteria</li> <li>One year post reconstruction</li> <li>-No functional complaints</li> <li>-Confidence when running, cutting, jumping at full speed</li> <li>-85% contralateral values on hop tests</li> </ul>	

