



Post-op recover	ry First 2 weeks	Date
Goals	 Protect the knee and surgical incisions Recover from swelling and inflammation Control of post-surgical pain 	
Precautions	 Fully weight-bear but use crutches for support and to improve gait 	
Recommendations	 Rest and elevate as required Ice the knee up to 3 times a day – particularly in the first 72 hours Range of motion exercises of ankle Range of motion exercises of hip Gentle movement of the knee from full extension to 90 degrees of flexion as pain and swelling allows When walking with crutches – concentrate on achieving heel strike, role through and toe off When standing, push both knees back straight to help achieve full extension 	
Exercise suggestions	 Static quads contraction Supine straight leg raise Ankle pumps Supine bed supported knee bend Sitting supported knee bend Sitting knee extension stretch – foot on floor Supine knee extension – foot elevated/supported Standing knee extension Side leg raise – knee straight, knee flexed Double calf raises 	
Criteria for progression	Healed surgical incisions	

Phase 1	Week 2 to week 6	
Goals	 Increase ROM Begin strengthening Normal gait Minimal Pain Minimal Swelling 	
Precautions	Wean off crutches as able	
Recommendation	 When standing, push knees back straight to help achieve full extension When walking – concentrate on achieving heel strike, role through and toe off Increase range of motion from full extension to full flexion Hip and gluteal muscle strengthening 	



	Ankle range of motion and strengthening
	Balance and coordination of leg
Exercise	Low load, long duration (assisted as required)
suggestions	Wall slide mini squat
	Double leg squats (0-60)
	Sitting unsupported knee extension and flexion
	 Single leg stance – knee straight, knee flexed
	Straight leg raise
	Step ups
	 Double calf raises – progress to single calf raise
	 Side leg raise – knee straight, knee flexed
	Gluteal band exercises
	Bridging with gluteal contraction
	Exercycle – low resistance, short interval
	Cardio:
	 Swimming (freestyle or backstroke only)
	 Hydrotherapy
	Stationary bike cycling
	 Upper body weight training (must be seated or lying
Criteria for	No requirement for crutches
progression	 No active extension lag, 110º active flexion
	Minimal effusion/pain
	Normal Gait
	 Functional strength and control in daily activities

Phase 2	Week 7 to week 12	
Goals	Gain full range of motion	
	Muscle strengthening	
	Neuromuscular control	
	No swelling	
	No pain	
Precautions	No running until week 12 if meeting all criteria	
Recommendations	Fully weight bear as able	
	Passive stretching to achieve full extension and flexion	
	 Concentrated full rehab program that includes 	
	strengthening of core, hip flexors, gluteal muscles,	
	external rotators of the hip, quadriceps, hamstrings	
	and calves. Neuromuscular control and co-ordination	
	of leg	
Suggested	 Double leg squats (0-90) 	
exercises	Single leg squats	
	Single leg hop	
	Step ups – increase height	



	 Step downs Resisted quads and hamstring weight training Gluteal band exercises Bridging with gluteal contraction Double calf raises – progress to single calf raise Exercycle – increase resistance and training length Neuromuscular Training: Wobble board, rocker board, roller board, Varied surfaces 	
	Cardio:	
	Bike, Elliptical trainer, Stairmaster, swimming	
Criteria for	Walking 20 minutes without pain or swelling	
progression	 Neuromuscular and strength training exercises without difficulty 	
	• Full ROM	

Phase 3	3 Months – 6 months	
Goals	 Running on flat surface Jumping (double leg) Hop Tests 75% of contra-lateral side Hopping without pain, swelling, or giving way 	
Precautions	Run on flat stable surface in daylightNo pivoting or cutting activities or sports	
Recommendations	 Passive stretching to achieve full extension and flexion Concentrated full rehab program that includes strengthening of core, hip flexors, gluteal muscles, external rotators of the hip, quadriceps, hamstrings and calves. Neuromuscular control and co-ordination of leg 	
Suggested exercises	 Running on flat even surface. Gradually increasing distance Aggressive strength training Hamstrings, Quads, calves, adductors, abductors, core strength Cycling with high resistance (standing permitted) Neuromuscular Training: Wobble board, rocker board, roller board, varied surfaces Begin gentle pivoting and direction changing Cardio: Running, swimming, cycling, stair climber, elliptical trainer 	
Criteria for progression	 Maximum vertical jump without pain or instability 75% of contralateral on hop tests Run at 75% speed without difficulty 	



Phase 4	6 Months – 12 months
Goals	 100% contralateral strength 85% contralateral on hop tests Running without pain Absolute confidence with pivoting and turning
Precautions	 NO pivoting or contact sports Can return to non-competitive non-contact sport training
Recommendations	 Gain and maintain endurance and strength Sport specific functional training Graduated return to cutting and pivoting movements Neuromuscular control and coordination
Suggested exercises	 Running on flat even surface. Sprinting. Direction changes Aggressive strength training Hamstrings, Quads, calves, adductors, abductors, core strength Cycling with high resistance (standing permited) Hopping, jumping Pivoting and direction changes Begin cutting (non-competitive environment) Cardio: Running, swimming, cycling, stair climber, elliptical trainer
Criteria for progression	 Return to sport criteria One year post reconstruction No functional complaints Confidence when running, cutting, jumping at full speed -85% contralateral values on hop tests